Fake estimation update

Masahiro Morinaga ,Koji Nakamura, Junichi Tanaka The University of Tokyo.

masahiro.morinaga@cern.ch



outline

Outline

- Current status of the Fake Factor method.
- Reproduce the fake estimation by using the Template Fit method.
- Question & Conclusion
- Before main topics...
 - I have done a acceptance challenge perfectly.
 - data: SMWZ_p833, MC:mc11c
 - •BG process(mc11c)
 - WW/ZW/ZZ : MC@NLO & gg2WW
 - ttbar,single top: MC@NLO
 - Z-->ee/μμ: ALPGEN (apply ABCD)
 - Ztautau: pro09.embedding-02-39.Ztautaull_isol_mfsim

- •Signal (120GeV)
 - ggF,VBF: PowHeg
 - W/ZH: Pythia

Fake estimation

- Now leplep sub WG has estimated the fake events by the Template Fit method.
 - Fake control samples is defined by inverting requirements of the lepton isolation.(the lepton fails at least one of those requirements)
 - The template fit is performed after m_{LL} cut.
 - There sub-leading lepton pT shapes are compared after the EW MC subtraction.
- This study's motivation is to compare the fake factor method with the template fit method.
- First, we show you a result of the fake factor method update.

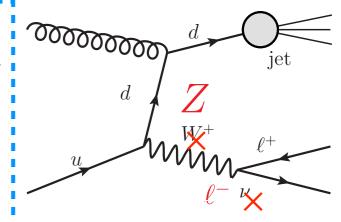
Fake Factor method

• First, choose Tight+Fakable(LNT) lepton Events in data.

$$N_{1 ext{Tight}+1 ext{Fake}} = \frac{N_{ ext{Tight}}}{N_{ ext{LNT}}} imes N_{1 ext{Tight}+1 ext{LNT}}$$

Fake Factor

- Extrapolate the fake events from fakable CR by using the fake factor.
- Loose Not Tight events(LNT)
- defined these events as Fakable CR
- The fake factor is evaluated by Z+Jets events in data.
 - tagging Z:two tight leptons with O.S. $|m_{LL}-m_Z| < 15 \text{GeV}$
 - Diboson Veto: additionally Z or W(m_T>30GeV)
 - Counting a lepton p_T if is it Tight or LNT lepton.
 - These events are used same trigger as SR.



✓ LNT Muon (!Tight Muon)

- •STACO muon
- •ID hit requirement
- •|eta| < 2.5, pT > 10GeV, |Z0| < 10mm
- •EtCone20/pT< 0.10
- •PtCone20/pT < 0.25

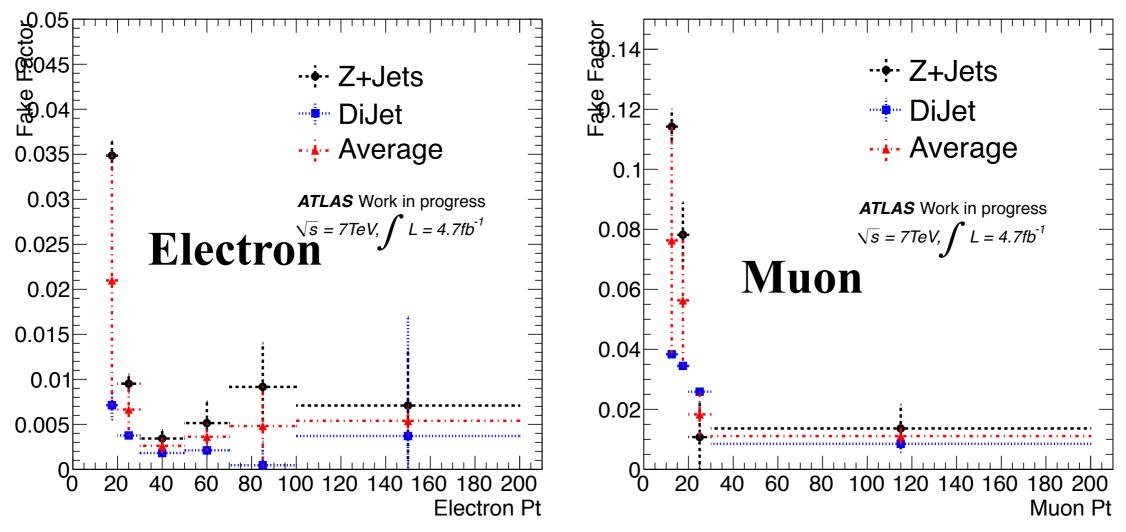
✓LNT Electron (!Tight Electron)

- •Author 1 or 3,medium++
- \bullet N_{hit}(SCT + Pixel) >= 4
- •|eta| < 2.47, Et > 15GeV
- •EtCone20/pT < 0.25
- •PtCone20/pT < 0.10

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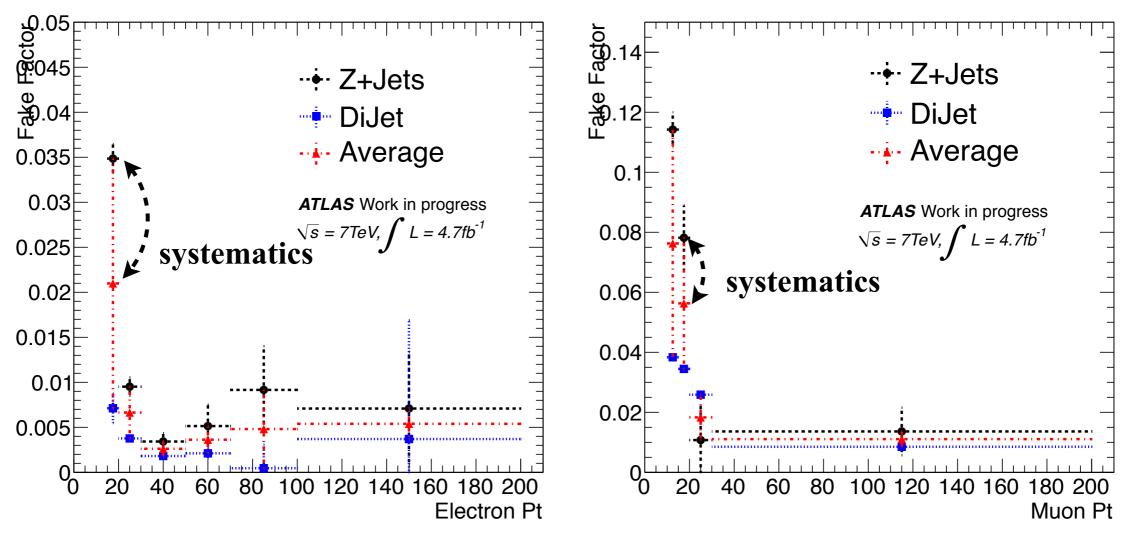
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Fake Factor measurement



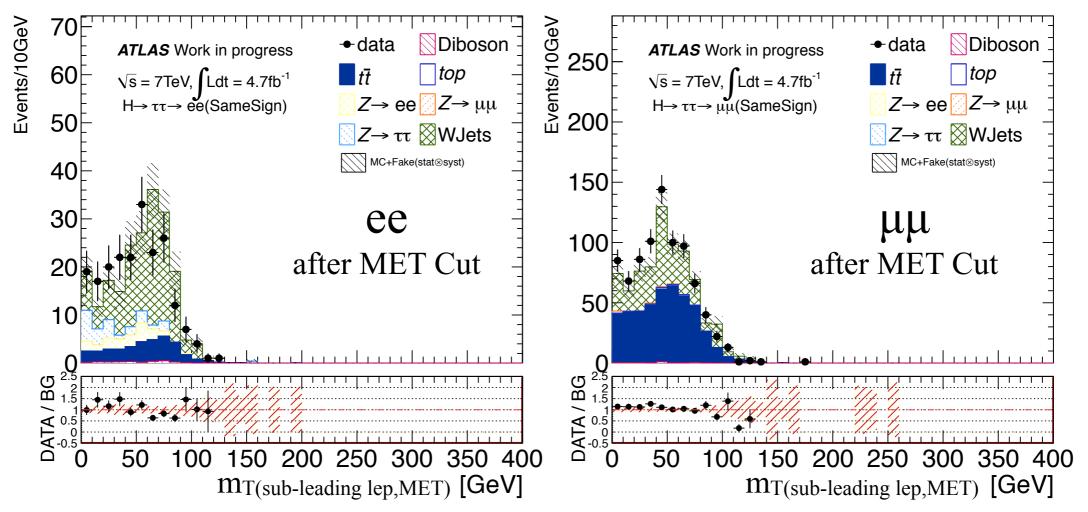
- Current fake factor is shown above figure.
 - We change mainly how to choose the tag-Z boson.
 - The fake factor has been more smaller than my previous talk.
 - We estimate the factor from Z+Jets and DiJet events.
 - In oder to evaluate a difference of the ratio of quark/gluon jet, We take account of a ratio of QCD/W+Jets events.

Fake Factor measurement



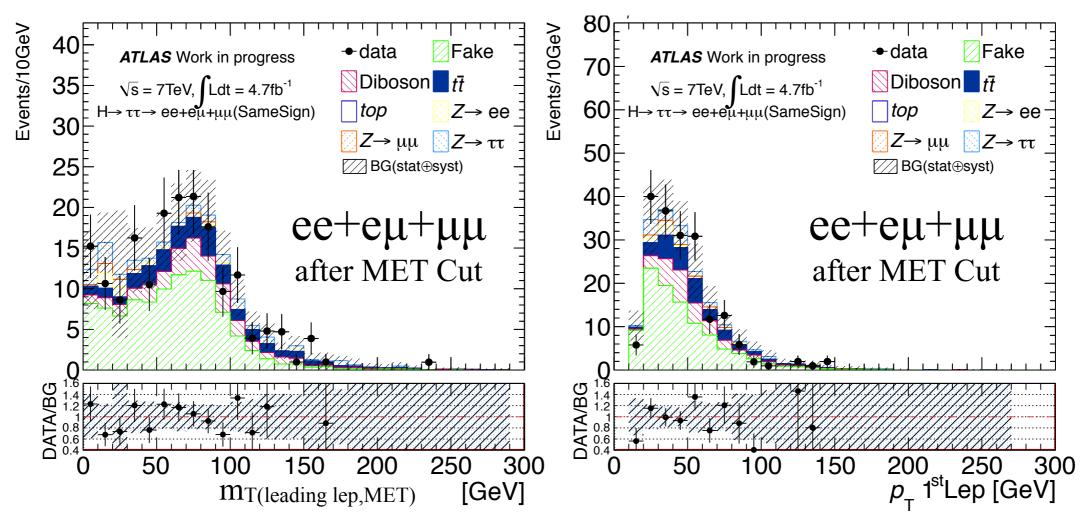
- We don't have any good idea of estimating the ratio of quark/gluon jet.
- We have evaluated the fake factor as average value of Z+Jets and DiJets and defined systematics uncertainty as a value that cover both two factors.

Lepton+fakable events in same sign



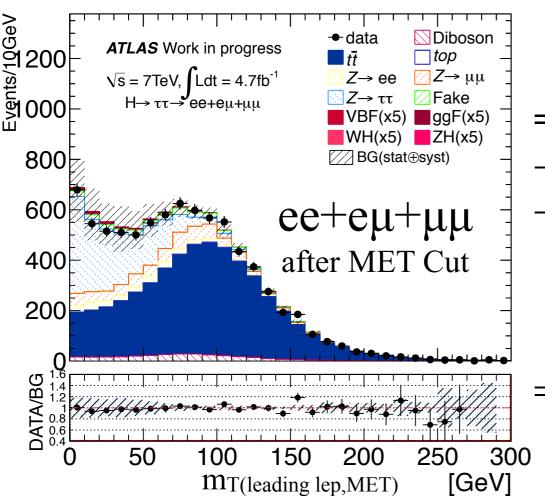
- These plots are shown $m_{T(sub-leading lep,MET)}$ in same sign control region.(before apply fake factor)
 - Data points represent Tight+LNT leptons event.
 - Green histogram is W+Jets events from MC.

Cross check in same sign



- These plots are shown in same sign after apply fake factor.
 - Data points represent Tight+Tight leptons event.
 - The fake events are shown by light green histogram.
- The fake factor method works well in the same sign CR.

Fake estimation in SR



Fake events Result					
	Official(Template)	Fake Factor			
VBF	$1.3 \pm 0.8 \pm 0.6$	$0.95 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.7$			
VH	$13 \pm 2 \pm 5$	$11\pm1\pm7$			
1jet	$30 \pm 4 \pm 12$	Not Estimate			
0jet	$1183 \pm 12 \pm 473$	$1251 \pm 9 \pm 660$			

- This method has over 50% systematics uncertainty for the fake BG component.
 - These are dominated by flavour difference of the fake factor.
- We have obtained nearly values with official ones.
- Next we reproduce the template fit method.

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Procedure of Template Fit method

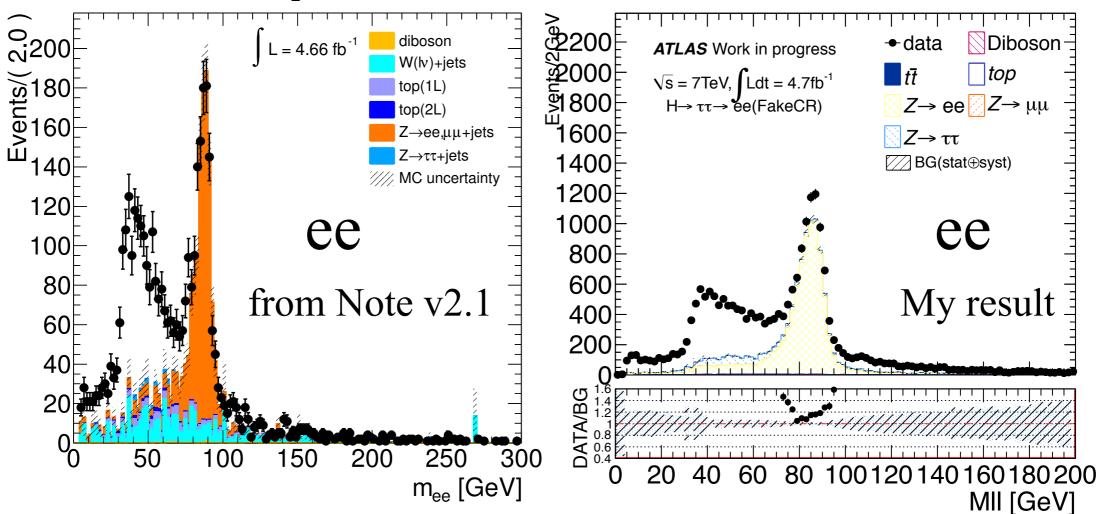
- I tried the template fit method by using TFractionFitter.
 - 1. Choose iso+non-iso lepton events in data.(→non-iso sample)
 - 2. Subtract MC(top,ttbar,Z->ll,Diboson) events from non-iso sample.(→fake sample)
 - 3. Perform fitting to data sub-leading pT distribution with MC and the fake sample after m_{LL} cut.(input: EW BG&fake sample)
 - 4. Scale the fake sample as the fake events.

$$data = f * fake + (1 - f) * MC$$

- Then I have one question,
 - How is the scale factor of the fake events defined?
 - I defined it like this equation, $SF_{TFraction} = f_{TFraction} \times \frac{\text{#of data}}{\text{#of fake sample}}$
 - But a scale factor of MC is fixed by theoretical S.F.(cross section*lumi/events).

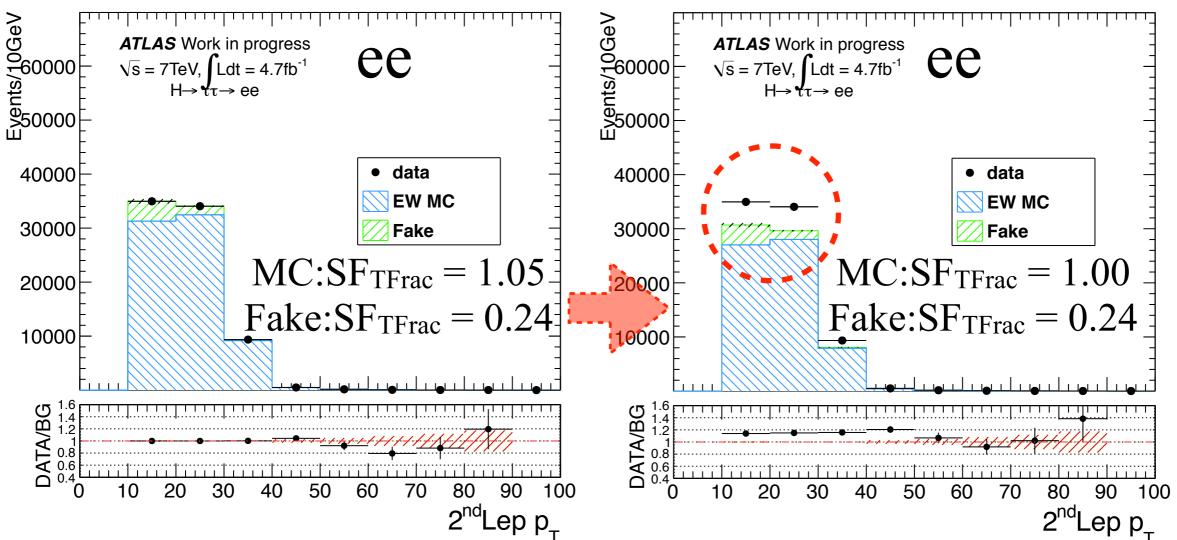
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Template Fit method



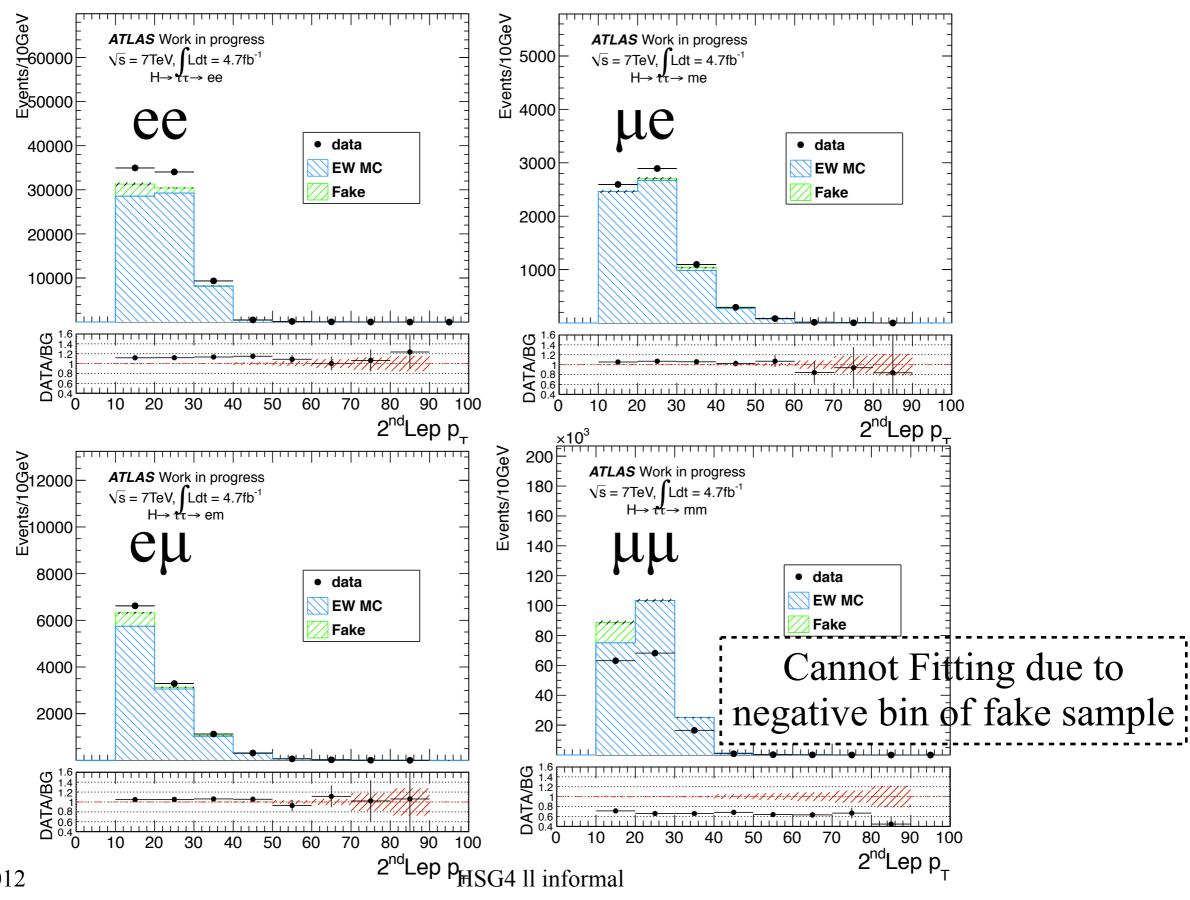
- Non-iso control sample in same sign,
 - We don't execute an overlap removal between fake electrons and fake muons.(So my result's plot is larger than Note v2.1's?)
 - or cut level is different? (before m_{LL} cut)
- How do you execute overlap removal non-iso and non-iso events?

Fit Result



- In the case of ee channel, after cut 1(pre selection & O.S.)
 - Left: Apply SF_{TFrac} for both of EW MC and the fake events.
 - Right: Apply SF_{TFrac} for only the fake events.
- How is this difference treated?
- I don't have any idea of this problem.

Fit Result



Result of template fit

• Fitting Result is shown blow table.

Template Fit Result						
ch	Fraction		Scale Factor			
	SM EW	Fake	SM EW	Fake	χ^2	
\overline{ee}	0.95 ± 0.01	0.05 ± 0.01	1.05 ± 0.01	0.24 ± 0.05	4.5/7	
$e\mu$	0.91 ± 0.02	0.09 ± 0.02	1.02 ± 0.02	0.03 ± 0.004	2.5/7	
μe	0.90 ± 0.04	0.01 ± 0.04	0.98 ± 0.04	0.07 ± 0.03	4.1/7	

- Error term is only statistical components of the template fitting.
- In the case of $\mu\mu$ channel, because of the level of fake leptons is very low, we cannot fit correctly.
- Systematics uncertainty estimation is now ongoing.
 - How do you change a fitting range to evaluate a systematics uncertainty of this fitting?

2012 run trigger

- 2012 trigger is applied isolation cut at trigger level.
 - single electron: EF_e24vhi_medium1
 - v: varying L1 threshold
 - h: L1 hadronic veto
 - i: track isolation applied at the HLT (ptCone20/Pt < 0.1)
 - single muon: EF_mu24i_tight, EF_mu18i6_tight
 - i: ptCone20/pt < 0.12
 - i6: tighter than "i" (cut to be finalized ptCone40<0.1 + L2 calo isolation)
- Need to check this effect for the fake estimation.
- It is easy to optimize new jet categorizations that finish evaluating a systematics uncertainty of the fake.

Question & Conclusion

- There are some questions for the template fit.
 - Do you perform to remove a overlap between fake electrons and fake muons?
 - How is deal with a scale factor after fitting?
 - How do you change a fitting range to evaluate a systematics uncertainty of this fitting?

Conclusions

- The fake factor method works well with systematics uncertainty over 50%.
- There is plenty of room for improvement in quark/gluon jet ratio difference.
- We will finalize this method regardless of using in ll analysis.
- Nobody knows exactly what happens in this year analysis.
- It's better that we can cross-check between both method.



