

# Flavor Physics in SUSY

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- **“New” Flavor Problem in Beyond-SM**
- **Flavor Mixing in SUSY**
- **Lepton Flavor Violation**
- **B-physics**
- **Summary**

# “NEW” Flavor Problem in Beyond-SM

# Standard Model

- Current Understanding of the fundamental elements of matter and their interaction:
- **Gauge Sector:**
  - $SU(3)_C \times SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y \rightarrow SU(3)_C \times U(1)_{em}$
  - Spontaneous symmetry breaking:  
Higgs mechanism
- **Flavor Sector:**
  - 3 generations of quarks and leptons
  - FCNC suppressed: **GIM mechanism**

# Standard Model is not complete!

- **Naturalness Problem (Gauge hierarchy problem) ← Gauge Sector**
  - Why electroweak scale  $\ll$  Planck scale?
  - How is EW scale stabilized against radiative corrections?
- **Mysteries of Flavors ← Flavor Sector**
  - Why 3 generations?
  - Why such masses?
  - Neutrino masses
- Other questions .....

## ➤ Gauge Hierarchy Problem

- Probably a real problem (cf. cosmological constant)
- Moreover the solution should be around EW scale (Terascale)
- Many proposals: supersymmetry, extra dimensions ...

## ➤ Questions on Flavor

- We don't know at which scale these questions should be answered.

# “New” Flavor Problem in Beyond SM

➤ SM is **too good to suppress FCNC**

GIM mechanism

➤ No tree level FCNC

➤ FCNC at loop level: suppressed by small quark mass

➤ **No Lepton Flavor Violation (LFV)**

← Massless neutrino

## ➤ FCNC from Beyond SM

➤ No GIM suppression

➤ **New particles & new interaction** → too large FCNC

➤ Examples:

➤ extended technicolor

➤ supersymmetry with arbitrary squark masses

➤ FCNC constraints

➤ Naïve dimensional analysis  $\Lambda > O(100-1000) \text{ TeV}$

➤ Loop factor etc →  $\Lambda_{\text{NP}} > O(10-100) \text{ TeV}$

➤ Conflicts with the naturalness  $\Lambda_{\text{NP}} < 1 \text{ TeV}$

➔ **New Flavor Problem!**

# Flavor Physics in Beyond-SM

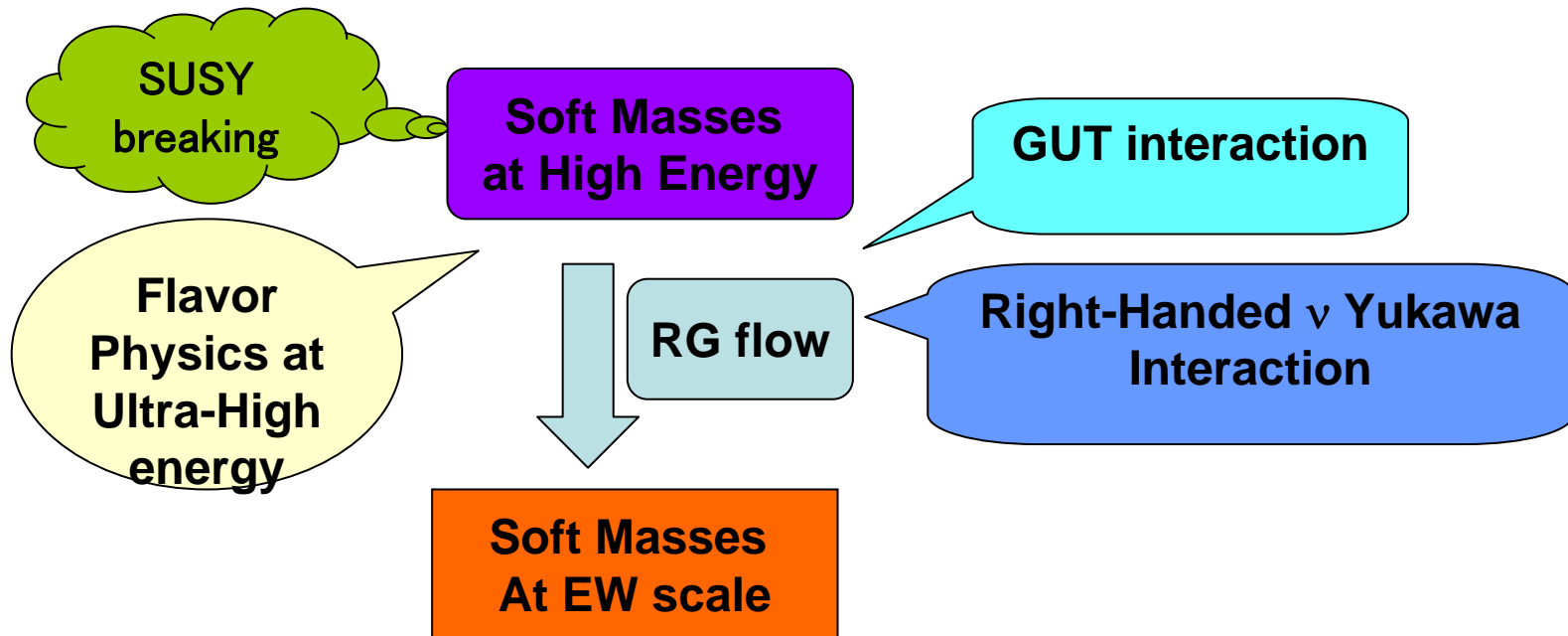
- New paradigm of Beyond-SM should
  - **1. solve the gauge hierarchy problem**
  - **2. solve the new flavor problem**
- Expect the solution of the flavor problem gives a hint on the mysteries of flavor.
- Nature may be so kind to us that flavor mixing is not completely hidden, but marginally revealed.
  - Chance to observe at the forthcoming experiments.
  - This seems the case in many scenarios of Beyond-SM.
- In the following, I consider Supersymmetric Standard Model.
  - A promising candidate for BSM
  - Interaction known: calculable
  - Conclusions will be shared with other BSM candidates.



# Flavor Mixing in SUSY

# Squark & Slepton Masses

- **Treasure** which may carry various information on physics at Ultra-High Energy



# Flavor Mixing in Sfermion Masses

- Squark/Slepton masses with arbitrary flavor mixing  
→ too large FCNC/LFV if masses are (sub-) TeV.  
**SUSY flavor problem**
- Mechanisms of SUSY breaking & mediation
  - Minimal SUGRA
    - Universal scalar masses
      - not always be justified from theoretical viewpoint. Should be critically tested experimentally
    - RG flow-→ regenerates flavor mixing in general
  - Flavor Symmetry (or geometry of extra dimensions)
    - Broken flavor sym generates flavor mixing in sfermion masses.
  - Gauge mediation
  - Anomaly mediation
    - Insensitive to UV flavor physics. Too good solution to SUSY flavor problem.
    - Flavor physics may be boring in these cases.

# Two sources of flavor mixing

- **Renormalization Group flow** (Radiative correction)
  - Flavor mixing (Yukawa) interaction generates flavor mixing in sfermion masses.
    - GUT interaction
    - right-handed  $\nu$  Yukawa in See-saw mechanism
- **Imprint at Ultra-High Energy**
  - e.g. Flavor symmetry
- These two sources will give different pattern of flavor mixings. →distinguishable!

# Lepton Flavor Violation

# Lepton Flavor Violation (LFV)

- LFV in charged leptons: clear signal of Beyond-SM
- Neutrino oscillation → Lepton flavor is not a sacred conservation law in nature
- In Many Extensions of SM (including SUSY), sizable LFV effects are expected.

# Various LFV processes

## ➤ Muon

➤  $\mu \rightarrow e \gamma$

➤  $\mu \rightarrow eee$

➤  $\mu A \rightarrow eA$  (conversion)

$$\begin{aligned} \mu^+ &\rightarrow e^+ \gamma \\ B &< 1.2 \times 10^{-11} \\ &\rightarrow 0(10^{-14}) \text{ (MEG)} \end{aligned}$$

## ➤ Tau

➤  $\tau \rightarrow \mu \gamma, \mu \eta$  (super)B factory

➤  $\tau \rightarrow \mu \mu \mu$  etc LHCb

# LFV in SUSY

$$(\Delta m_{\tilde{l}}^2)_{ij}$$

## ➤ SU(5) GUT

Barbieri-Hall 94

Hisano-Moroi-Tobe-MY 96

➤ RG effects above GUT scale

→ flavor mixing in RH sleptons: 10 in SU(5)

← Large top quark Yukawa

## ➤ SUSY see-saw Models

Borzumati-Masiero 87

Hisano-Moroi-Tobe-MY

-Yanagida 95

➤ RG from Heavy Right-Handed  $\nu$  Yukawa

→ flavor mixing in LH sleptons



# LFV from RH $\nu$ Yukawas

Ellis, Hisano, Raidal, Shimizu '02

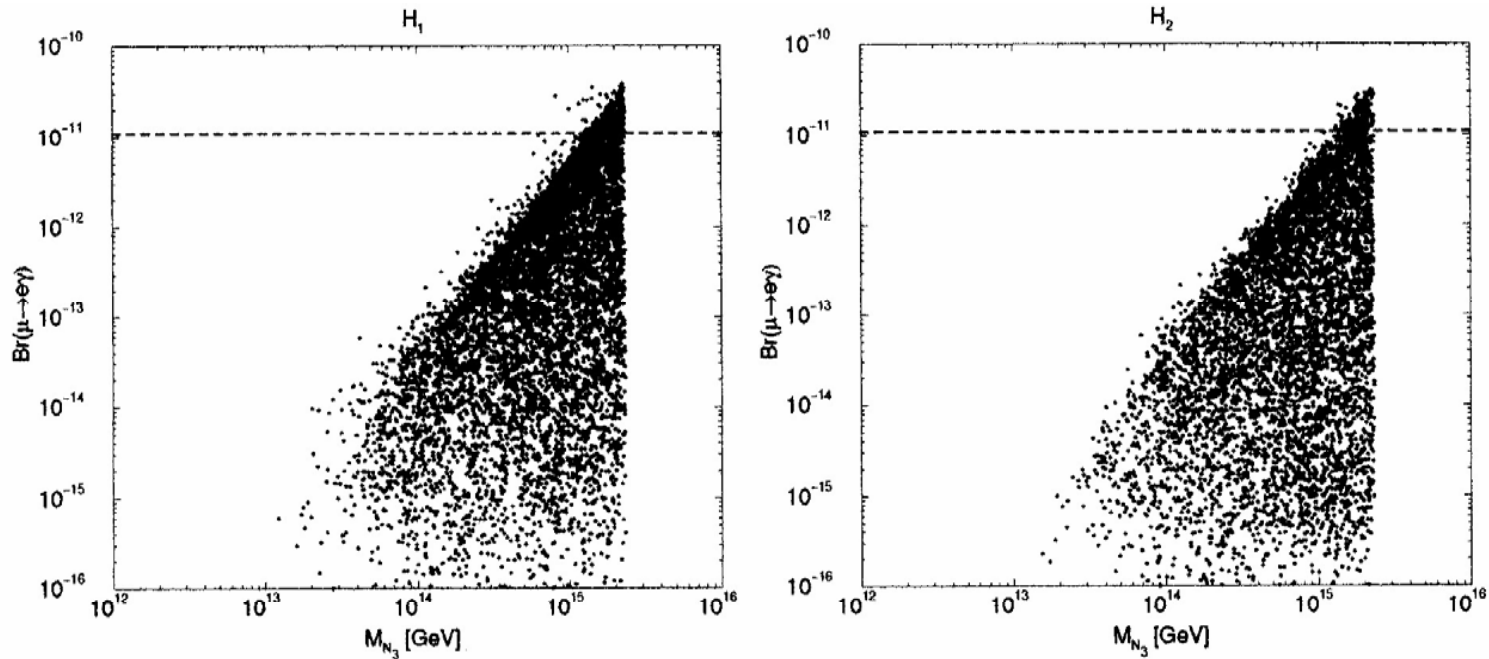


Figure 1: Scatter plot of  $Br(\mu \rightarrow e\gamma)$  against the heaviest singlet neutrino mass  $M_{N_3}$  for the ansatz (a)  $H_1$  and (b)  $H_2$ . We take  $m_{1/2} = 300$  GeV,  $m_0 = 100$  GeV,  $A_0 = -300$  GeV,  $\tan\beta = 10$  and  $\text{sign}(\mu) = +1$ . Other input parameters are specified in the text.

# Yet another source ← flavor symmetry

- Broken flavor symmetry imprints flavor mixing in slepton masses.
- e.g.) democratic approach (permutation sym S3)
  - Quark masses Fritzsch&Xing 96
  - Neutrino masses Fukugita-Tanimoto-Yanagida 98
  - Apply this to sfermion sector Hamaguchi-Kakizaki-MY 02

$$m_{ij}^2 = m_0^2 \left[ \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + \rho \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \right] \quad \text{Non-zero } \rho \rightarrow \text{flavor mixing}$$

# Unique Predictions

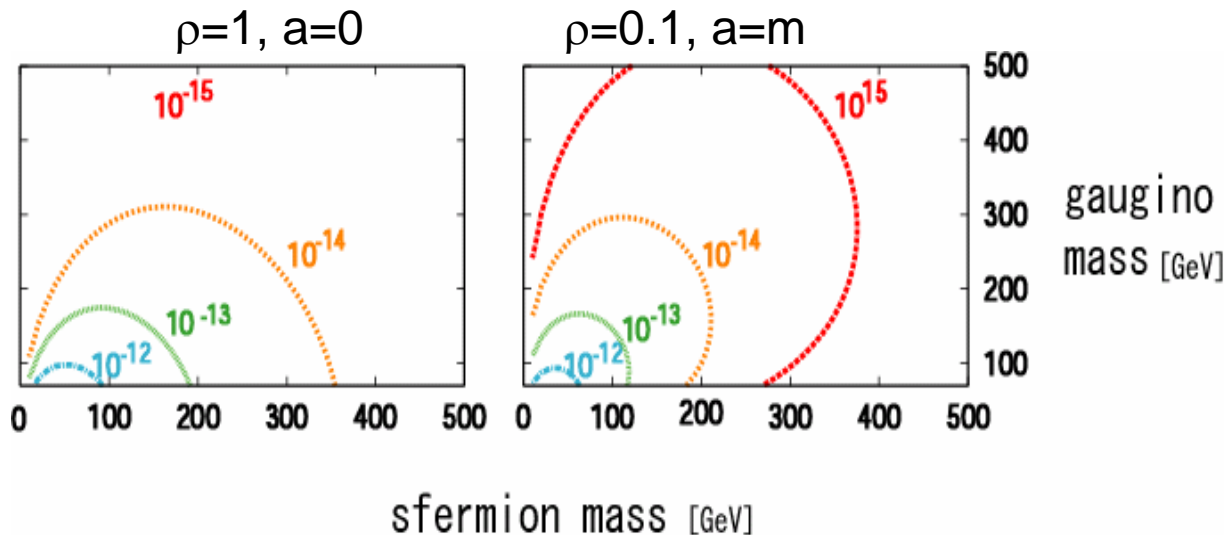
## ➤ Collider Physics

$$m_{\tilde{e}_R} = m_{\tilde{\mu}_R} \neq m_{\tilde{\tau}_R} \quad m_{\tilde{e}_L} = m_{\tilde{\mu}_L} = m_{\tilde{\tau}_L}$$

➤ This is **testable** in future collider experiments!

## ➤ Lepton Flavor Violation (LFV)

➤  $\mu \rightarrow e \gamma$  from RH slepton exchanges.



# Comparison:

## Synergy between collider and flavor experiments

### Minimal SUGRA

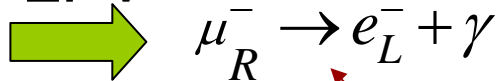
© RG from NR Yukawa

### Democratic Approach

- LH stau is lighter than others.

testable in  
collider exp

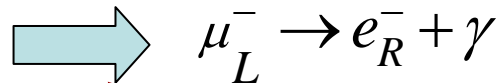
- LH sleptons have LFV



Polarized muon may be important to distinguish each other.

- RH stau is either lighter or heavier than others

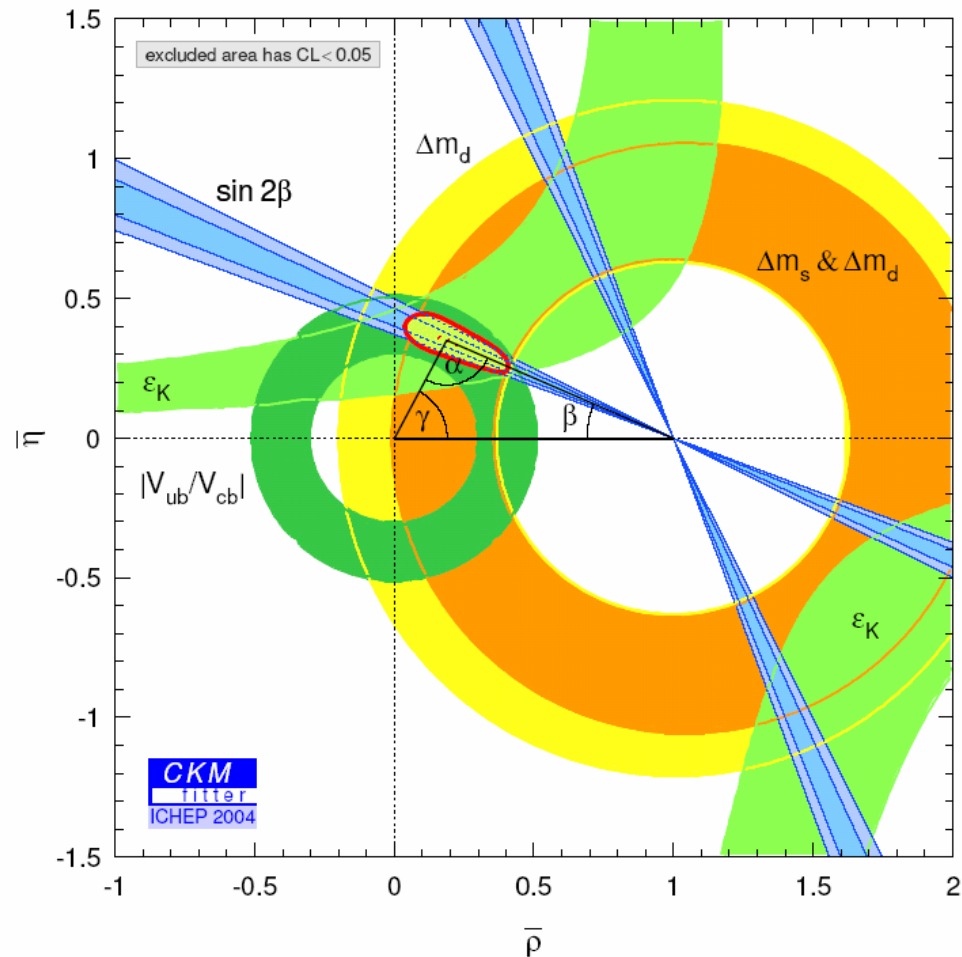
- RH sleptons have LFV.



# B-physics in SUSY

# Flavor Mixing and CP in SM

Cabbibo-Kobayashi-Maskawa (CKM) scheme has been established!



# Flavor Mixing in Quark Sector: Beyond-SM

- $b \rightarrow s$  seems most interesting
  - $b \rightarrow c$  measured by  $B \rightarrow J/\Psi K$ : SM contribution (starting from tree level) dominant
  - $b \rightarrow s$  no SM at tree level: easy to see new physics effects
- Other mixings already give stringent constraints on SUSY flavor mixing. (e.g.)  $K$ - $K$ bar,  $B$ - $B$ bar
- Prejudice: 3-2 mixing may be large as suggested by atmospheric neutrino

# Beauty $\rightarrow$ Strange in SUSY GUT see-saw models

Large 2-3 RH sdown mixing  
in SUSY GUT see-saw models

SU(5) Moroi

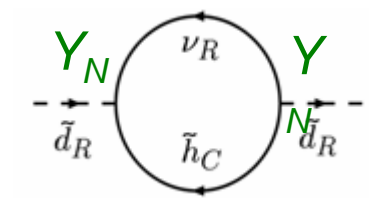
SO(10) Chang, Masiero & Murayama

Atmospheric  $\nu$  implies large 2-3 mixing in Right-handed  $\nu$  Yukawa

$$\begin{pmatrix} b_R^c \\ \tau_L \end{pmatrix} \leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} s_R^c \\ \mu_L \end{pmatrix}$$

SUSY GUTs  $\rightarrow$  large 2-3 mixing in RH sdown sector via RG flow

$$\tilde{b}_R \leftrightarrow \tilde{s}_R$$



Large contribution to b  $\rightarrow$  s transition



Cf.  $\tilde{b}_L \leftrightarrow \tilde{s}_L$

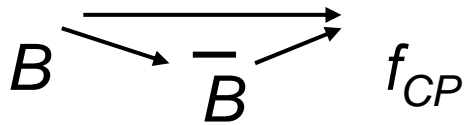
- RG Flow: does not give significant flavor mixing with new CP phase
- May be imprinted at Ultra-High Energy Scale.
  - e.g. Flavor symmetry!?

# b → s: Current Status 2005

mixing-induced CP asymmetry

$$a_{CP}(t) \equiv \frac{\Gamma(\bar{B}(t) \rightarrow f_{CP}) - \Gamma(B(t) \rightarrow f_{CP})}{\Gamma(\bar{B}(t) \rightarrow f_{CP}) + \Gamma(B(t) \rightarrow f_{CP})}$$

$$= \frac{|\lambda|^2 - 1}{|\lambda|^2 + 1} \cos \Delta mt - \frac{2\text{Im}\lambda}{|\lambda|^2 + 1} \sin \Delta mt.$$

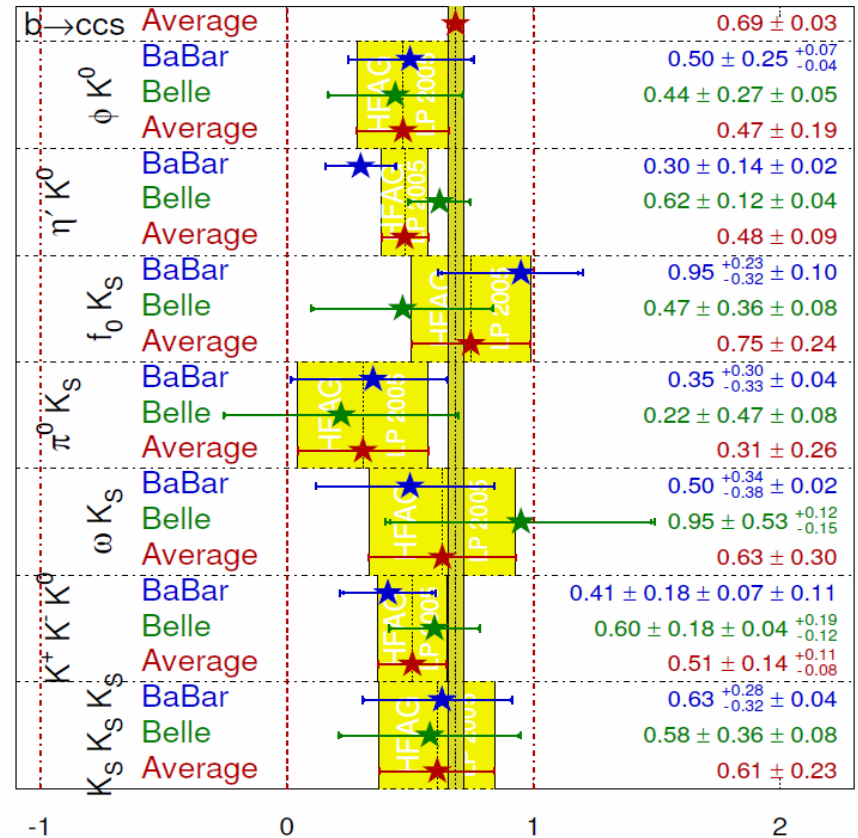


Deviation from SM?

$\phi K$ ,  $\eta' K$ : slightly smaller than SM expectation, but within  $2\sigma$

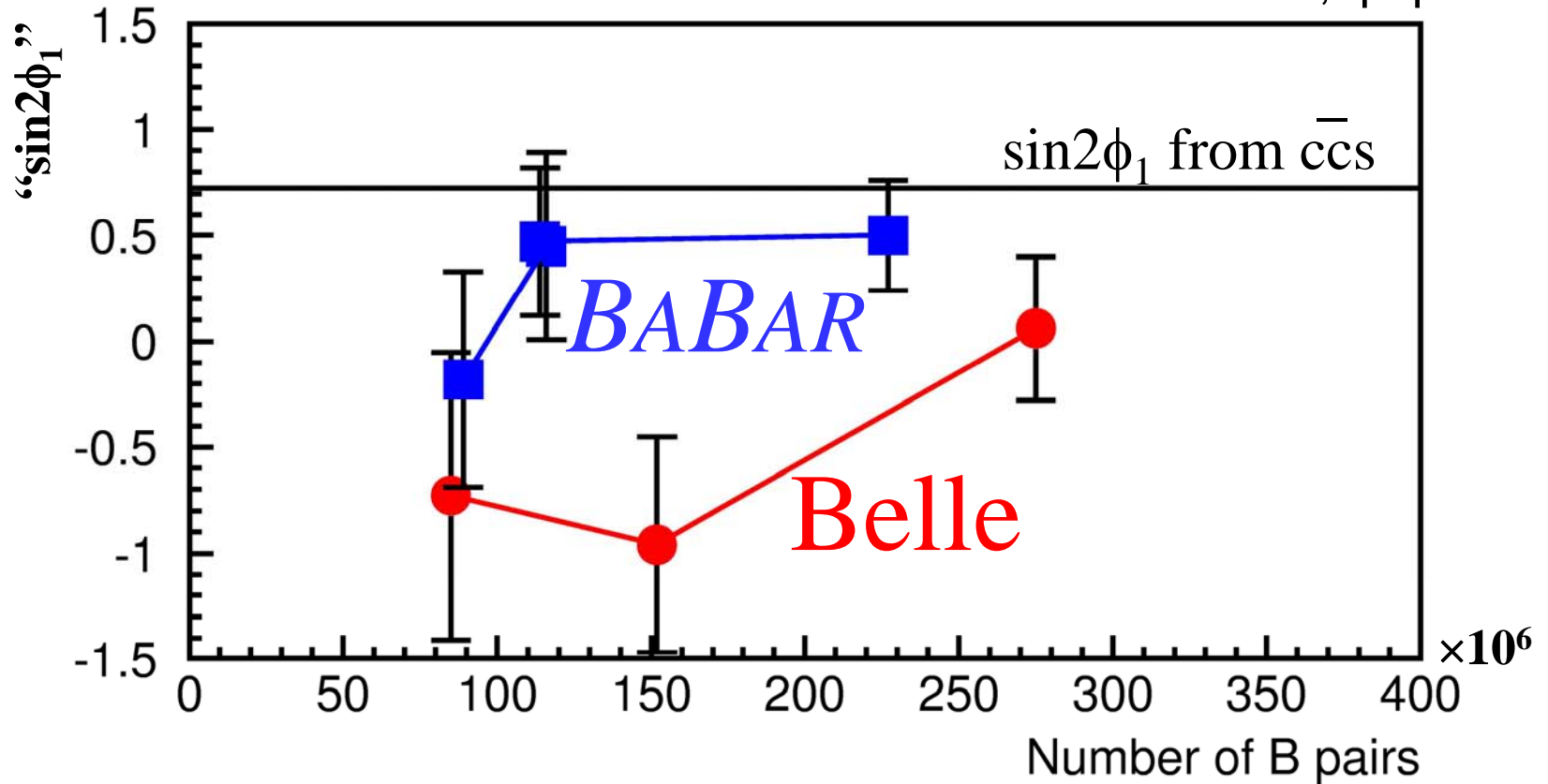
$\sin(2\beta^{\text{eff}})/\sin(2\phi_1^{\text{eff}})$

**HFAAG**  
LP 2005  
PRELIMINARY



# History of “ $\sin 2\phi_1$ ” with $\phi K^0$

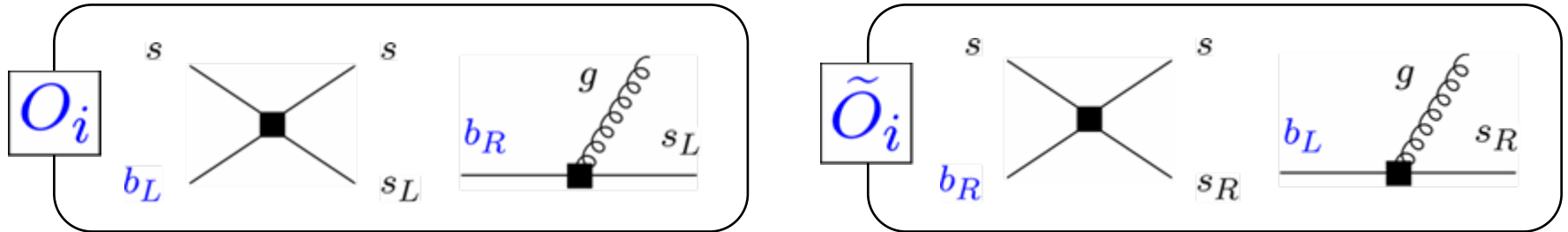
Hazumi, fpcp2004



- Deviation is not very evident. But let's take it seriously.
  - Or suppose that the deviation becomes more evident in future, (with the same central values ).
  - What implications to new physics?
- Pattern of suggested deviation:  
Both  $\phi K$ ,  $\eta' K$  smaller than SM expectation

# Sign of Contributions: Final-state Parity

- Effective Hamiltonian  $H_{\text{eff}} \sim C_i O_i + (\tilde{C}, \tilde{O} : R \leftrightarrow L)$



- Decay Amplitude  $\langle f | \tilde{O}_i | B_d \rangle = -(-1)^{P_f} \langle f | O_i | B_d \rangle$

$$A \sim [ C_i - (-1)^{P_f} \tilde{C}_i ] \langle f | O_i | B_d \rangle$$

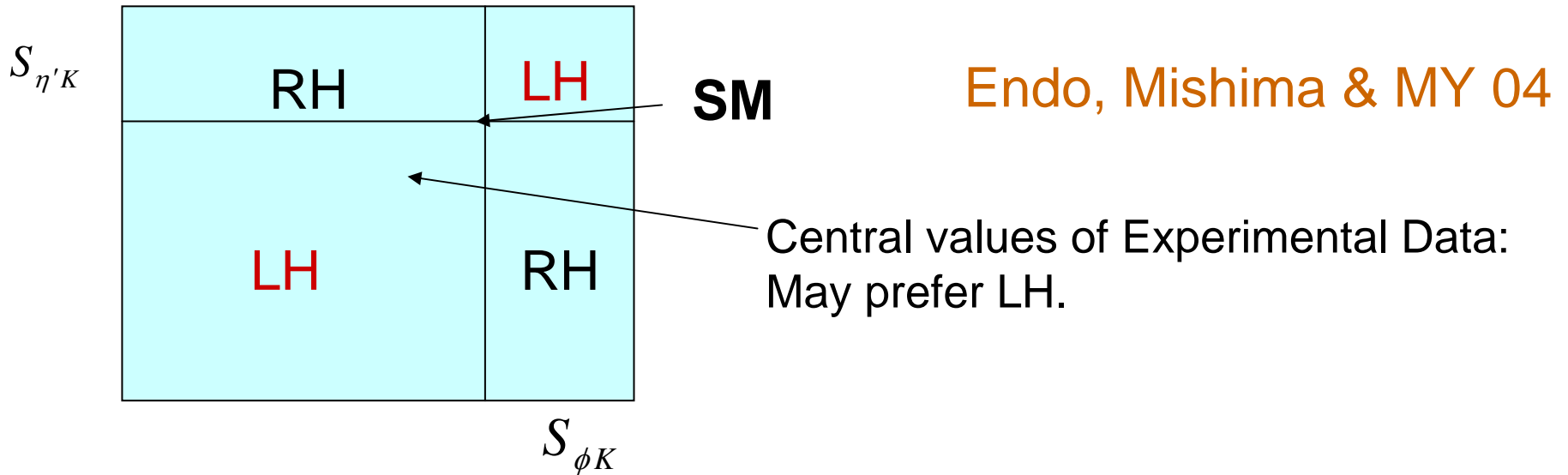
Kagan; Khalil&Kou

$$A_i^{\text{NP}}(\phi K) \propto [ C_i^{\text{SM}} + C_i^{\text{NP}} + \tilde{C}_i^{\text{NP}} ] \langle \phi K | O_i | B_d \rangle \quad \text{(odd)}$$

$$A_i^{\text{NP}}(\eta' K) \propto [ C_i^{\text{SM}} + C_i^{\text{NP}} - \tilde{C}_i^{\text{NP}} ] \langle \eta' K | O_i | B_d \rangle \quad \text{(even)}$$

# Schematic View of SUSY contributions

**Sf : Mixing Induced CP Asymmetry**



2004 (summer)

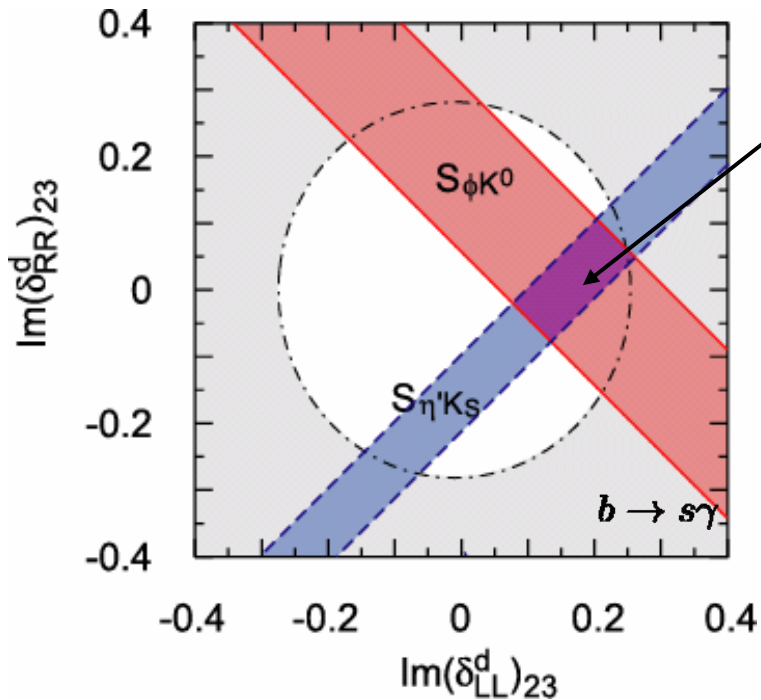
2005(summer)

All charmonium	$0.726 \pm 0.037$	$0.687 \pm 0.032$
$\phi K^0$	$0.34 \pm 0.20$	$0.47 \pm 0.19$
$\eta' K^0$	$0.47 \pm 0.19$	$0.50 \pm 0.09$

# Numerical Evaluation in MSSM

Endo, Mishima & MY 04

2005



avored by current data  
from B-factories ( $1\sigma$ )

*The current data  
prefers LH dominant  
case!*

*Caution: deviation less  
than 2 sigmas.*

*Premature to conclude*

$$(\delta_{LL,RR}^d)_{23} = (m_{\tilde{d}_{L,R}}^2)_{23}/m_{\tilde{q}}^2$$

$$m_{\text{soft}} = 500 \text{ GeV}, \tan \beta = 10$$

$$\text{GF: } q^2 = m_b^2/2$$

# Future Prospects

More Data on  $b \rightarrow s$  penguins: wait and watch!

Correlation with other B decay processes

e.g.  $B_s - \bar{B}_s$  mixing:  $\Delta m_s \geq 20 - 100 \text{ ps}^{-1}$  Endo&Mishima 04

$Br(B \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$  can be  $10^{-7} \gg 10^{-9}$  (SM)

**→ LHC**

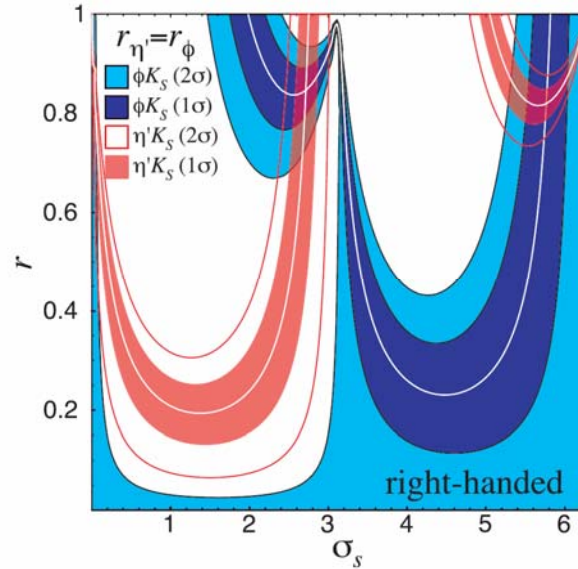
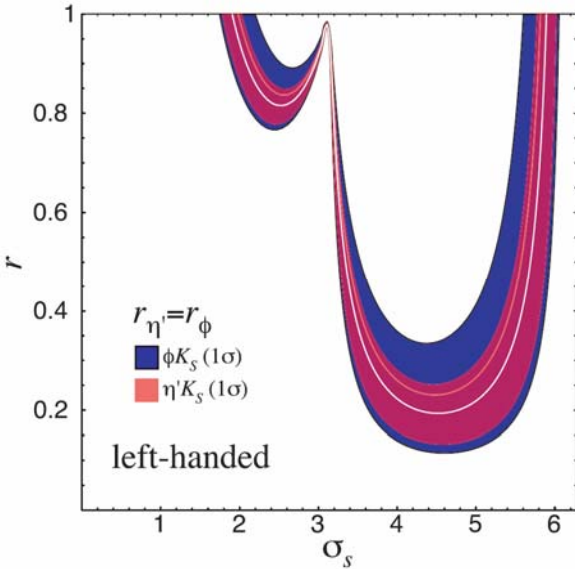
Correlation with Lepton Flavor Violation

$\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma, \tau \rightarrow \mu\eta$  etc

$\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$  etc



# Comments on RH/LH



Larson,  
Murayama  
& Perez 04

$$\mathcal{A}(B^0 \rightarrow \phi, \eta') = \mathcal{A}_{\phi, \eta'}^{\text{SM}} (1 \pm r_{\phi, \eta'} e^{i\sigma_s})$$

LH interpretation:

OK for generic  
choice of CP phase

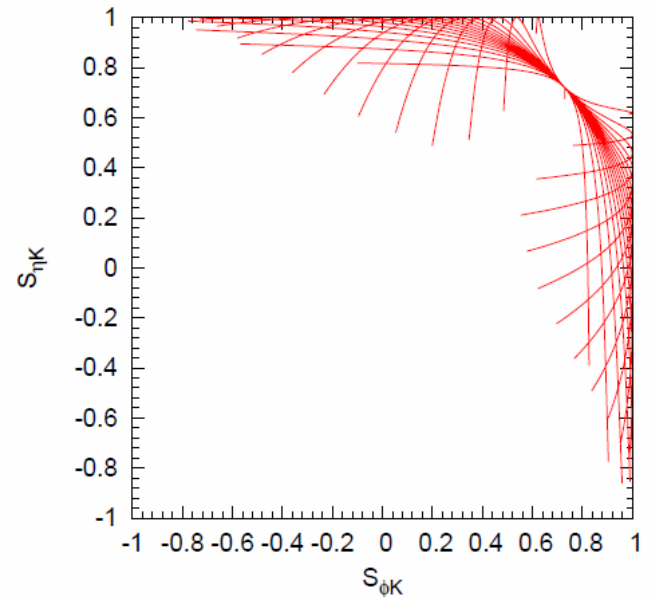
RH interpretation:

may marginally work for  
special choice of CP  
phase and SUSY/SM~1  
(danger of  $b \rightarrow s$  gamma etc)

← detailed study  
(Endo, Mishima & MY, in  
preparation)

preliminary

- RH interpretation requires large SUSY contributions comparable to SM.
  - Generically excluded by  $b \rightarrow s$  gamma
- Way to escape  $b \rightarrow s$  gamma
  - Suppression of C7/C8 Wilson coefficients
  - Can be achieved for Light gluino, heavy squarks
- ➔ clear signal at LHC



Gluino mass  $\sim 300$  GeV  
Squark mass  $\sim 1500$  GeV

**Interplay between flavor physics and collider searches/measurements**

# Summary

Synergy between collider and flavor physics

→ Reveal the nature of New Paradigm beyond SM

