

Effect of Beamstrahlung in Higgs Measurement

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- Introduction
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- Effect on Recoil Mass
- Effect on Selection Efficiency
- Summary & Conclusion

Introduction

- Beam focalization at the IP
- increases luminosity significantly.
 - increases charge density of the beams.



Significant “beamstrahlung”.

broadening energy spectrum

Beamstrahlung reduces energy of electrons and positrons in the beams independently.

- \sqrt{s} will decrease from the nominal value.
 - ⇒ Wrong energy constraint in the analysis.
 - ⇒ Increase of apparent **recoil mass**.
- Lab. system \neq CM system
 - ⇒ Boost of produced Z and H bosons.
 - ⇒ Effect on Selection Efficiencies.

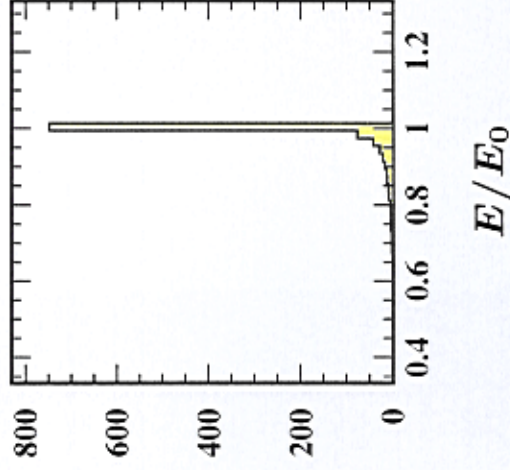
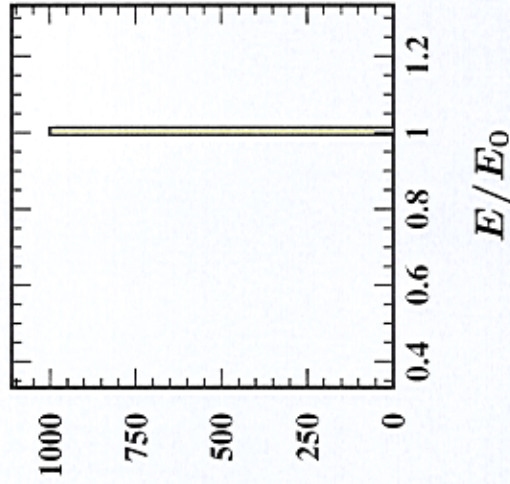
Beamstrahlung

Beamstrahlung:

The particles of one beam produce the synchrotron radiation in the electromagnetic field of on-coming beam and lose their energy.

The **beam energy spectrum** broadened by beamstrahlung can be parametrised using;

$$\frac{N_b}{\sigma_x^* + \sigma_y^*}, \frac{E_0}{\sigma_z}$$

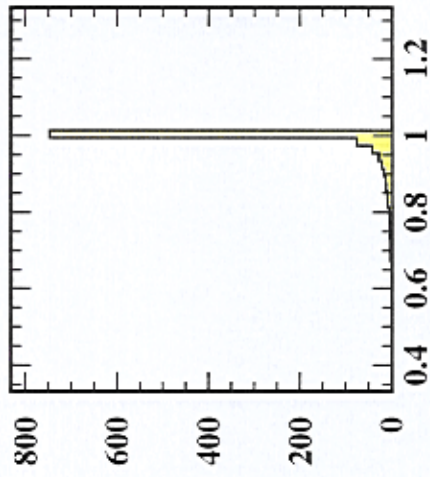


(Energy spectrum is calculated using the function written by N.Toomi)

Beamstrahlung

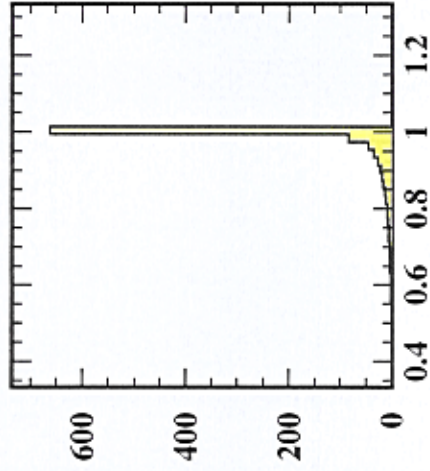
The average energy loss induced by beamstrahlung:

$$\delta_{\text{BS}} = \delta_{\text{BS}} \left(\frac{N_b^2 E_0}{(\sigma_x^* + \sigma_y^*)^2 \sigma_z} \right)$$



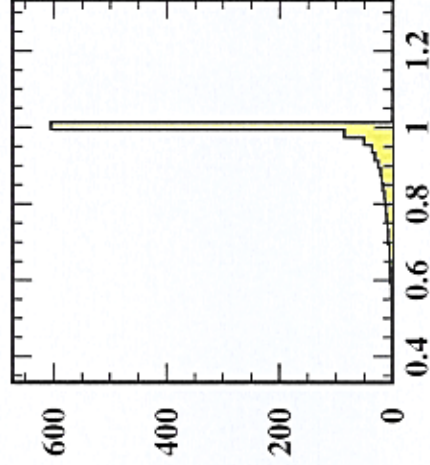
$E_0 = 150\text{GeV}$
 $N_b = 0.63 \times 10^{10}$
 $\sigma_x^* = 260\text{nm}$
 $\sigma_y^* = 3\text{nm}$
 $\sigma_z = 90\mu\text{m}$

$$\left(\frac{N_b / 0.63 \times 10^{10}}{\sigma_x^* / 260\text{nm}} \right)^2 [1.0]$$



$E_0 = 150\text{GeV}$
 $N_b = 1.26 \times 10^{10}$
 $\sigma_x^* = 368\text{nm}$
 $\sigma_y^* = 3\text{nm}$
 $\sigma_z = 90\mu\text{m}$

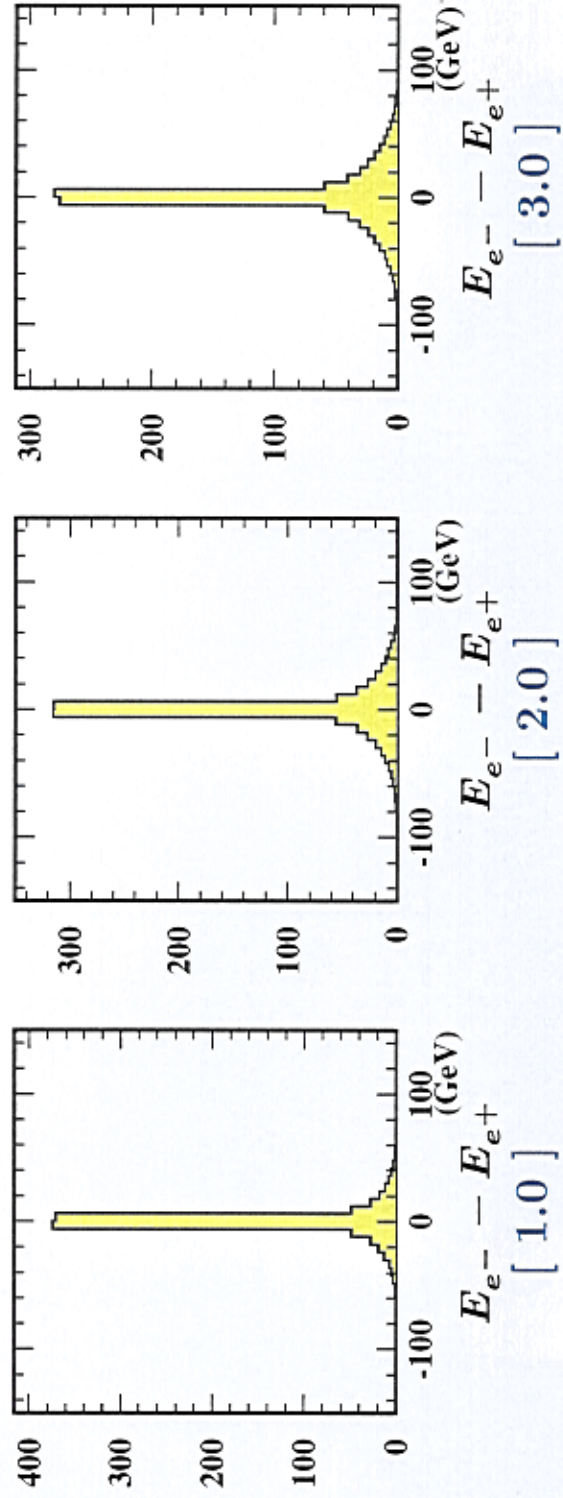
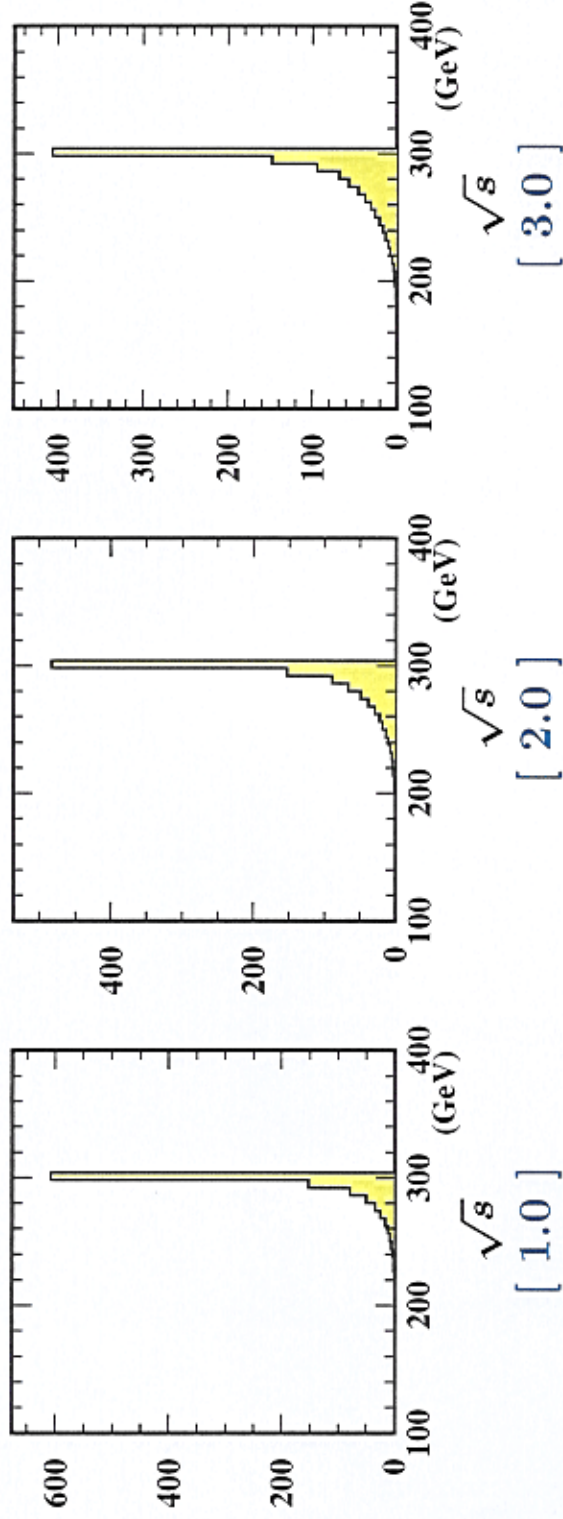
$$[2.0]$$



$E_0 = 150\text{GeV}$
 $N_b = 1.89 \times 10^{10}$
 $\sigma_x^* = 450\text{nm}$
 $\sigma_y^* = 3\text{nm}$
 $\sigma_z = 90\mu\text{m}$

$$[3.0]$$

Effect on Center of Mass Energy

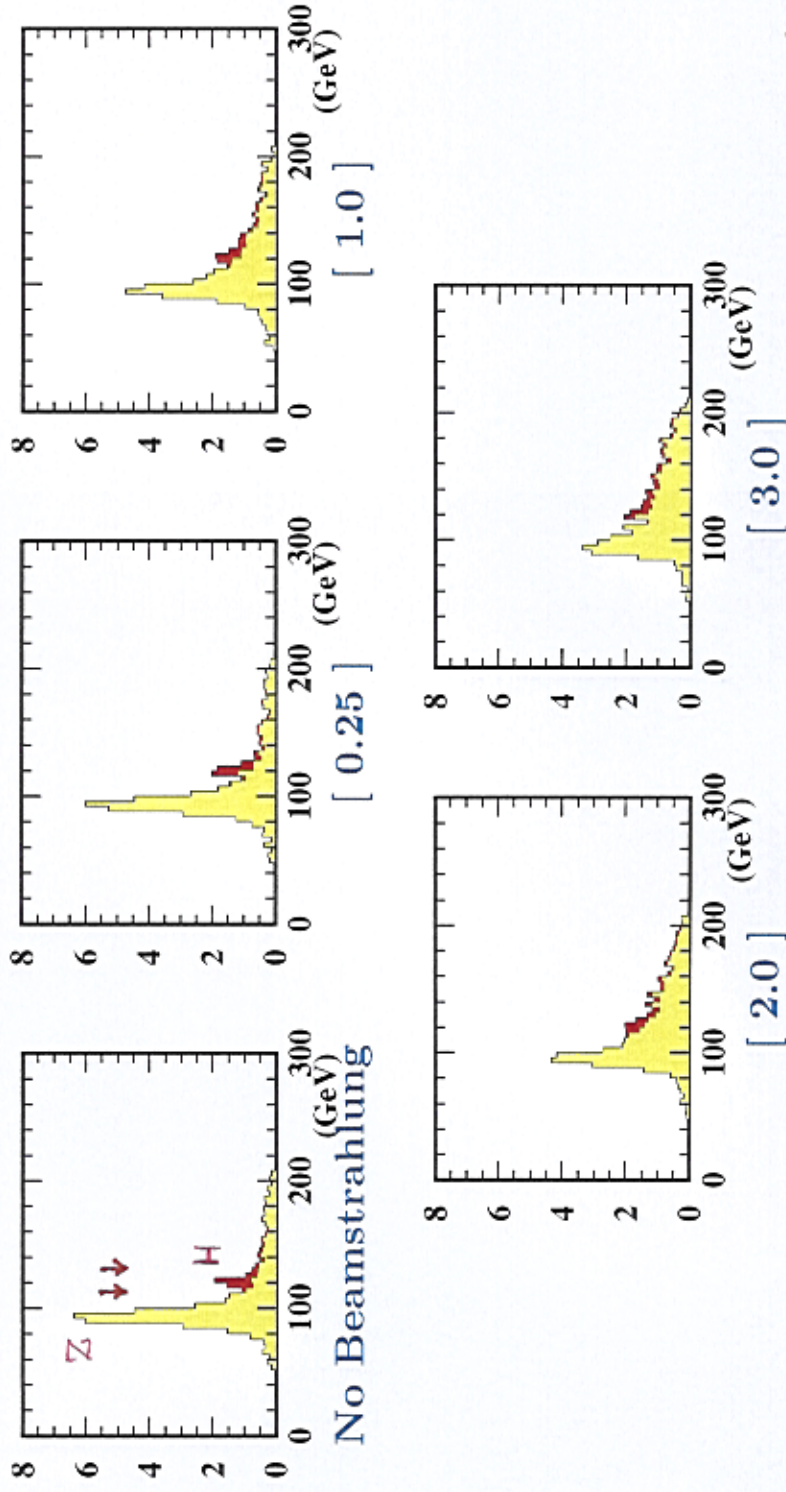


Effect on Recoil Mass

For leptonic channel,

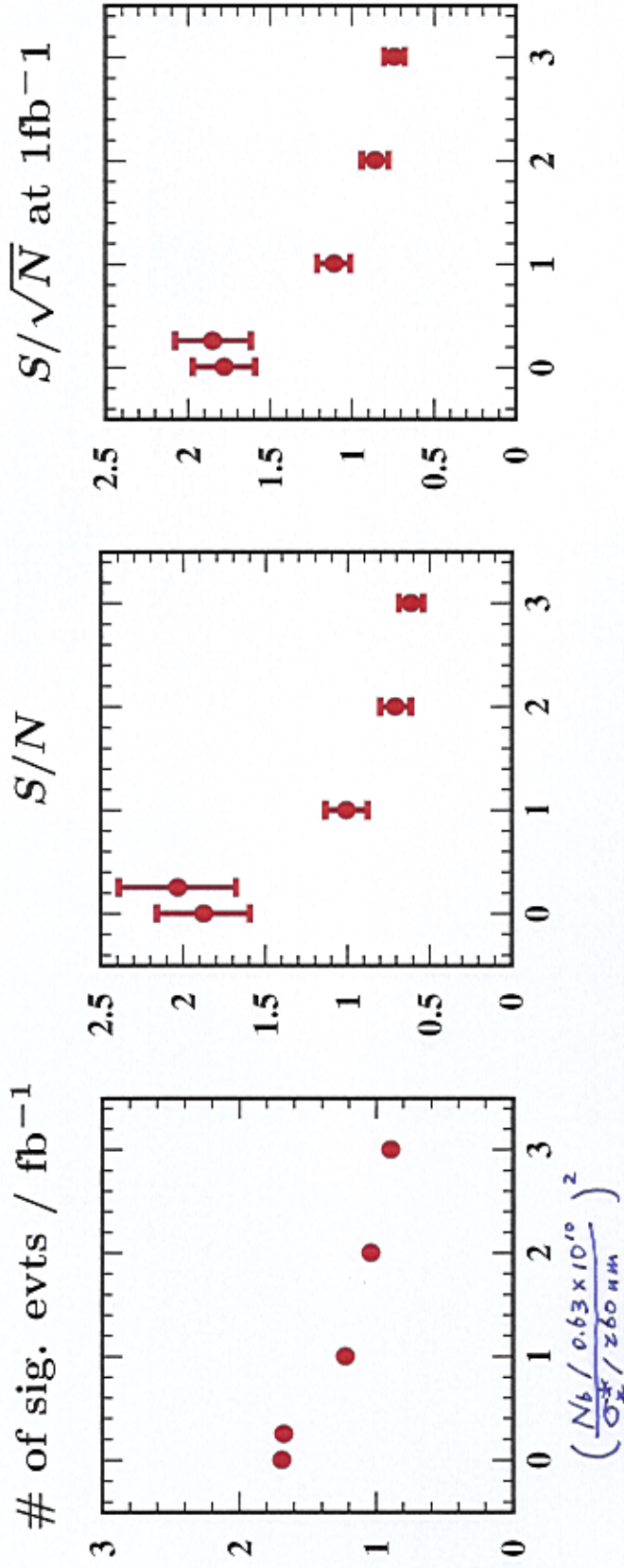
$$m_{\ell\ell} \sim m_Z$$

$$m_{\text{recoil}} = ((\sqrt{s} - E_{\ell\ell})^2 - p_{\ell\ell}^2)^{1/2}$$



Effect on Recoil Mass

after the selection (I. Nakamura's talk)



x-axis	$E_{\text{CM}}(\text{GeV})$	N_b	$\sigma_x^*(\text{nm})$	$\sigma_y^*(\text{nm})$	$\sigma_z(\mu\text{m})$
0.0	300	No Beamstrahlung			
0.25	300	0.32×10^{10}	260	3	90
1.0	300	0.63×10^{10}	260	3	90
2.0	300	1.26×10^{10}	368	3	90
3.0	300	1.89×10^{10}	450	3	90

Effect on Seletcion Efficiency

Event Selection (w/o Beamstrahlung)

$\mathcal{L} = 100\text{fb}^{-1}$

channel	$Z^0 \rightarrow q\bar{q}$		$Z^0 \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}$		$Z^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-$		$Z^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$		Total	
	$\epsilon(\%)$	S	$\epsilon(\%)$	S	$\epsilon(\%)$	S	$\epsilon(\%)$	S	$\epsilon(\%)$	S
$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z^0 h^0$	14.8	1,903	14.4	526	24.4	164	28.8	193	15.2	2,786
$h^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	17.9	1,552	14.4	358	27.3	124	32.7	148	17.6	2,182
$h^0 \rightarrow c\bar{c}$	19.8	78.1	20.8	23.5	31.5	6.5	35.1	7.2	20.4	115
$h^0 \rightarrow g\bar{g}$	17.4	155	29.0	74.9	33.5	15.8	37.5	17.7	20.4	263
$h^0 \rightarrow W^+W^-$	6.9	118	14.3	70.0	19.4	17.3	21.7	19.4	9.2	225
background		N		N		N		N		N
$e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}(\gamma)$		285		—		—		—		285
$e^+e^- \rightarrow WW$		497		314		—		—		811
$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z^0 Z^0$		256		152		43.3		54.7		506
$e^+e^- \rightarrow e\nu W$		—		18		—		—		18
$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^- Z^0$		—		—		—		—		—
Total Bkg		1,038		483		43		55		1,619
S/N		1.83		1.09		3.81		3.51		1.72
S/\sqrt{N}		59.1		23.9		25.0		26.0		69.2

(by I. Nakamura)

Effect on Selection Efficiency

Event Selection (w/ Beamstrahlung)

Beam Parameters @ JLC-500GeV *except* $E_{cm} = 300 \text{ GeV}$

$\mathcal{L} = 100 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

channel	$Z^0 \rightarrow q\bar{q}$		$Z^0 \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}$		$Z^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-$		$Z^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$		Total	
	$\epsilon(\%)$	S	$\epsilon(\%)$	S	$\epsilon(\%)$	S	$\epsilon(\%)$	S	$\epsilon(\%)$	S
$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z^0 h^0$	12.2	1,559	11.5	422	16.9	113	20.0	134	12.2	2,228
$h^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	14.6	1,269	11.4	282	18.7	85.1	22.6	103	14.0	1,739
$h^0 \rightarrow c\bar{c}$	15.4	60.9	17.2	19.4	22.1	4.6	25.4	5.2	16.0	90.1
$h^0 \rightarrow g\bar{g}$	14.2	128	24.0	61.9	24.4	11.5	26.4	12.4	16.6	214
$h^0 \rightarrow W^+W^-$	5.9	101	12.1	59.0	13.1	11.8	15.2	13.6	7.6	185
background		N		N		N		N		N
$c^+c^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}(\gamma)$		263		—		—		—		263
$e^+e^- \rightarrow WW$		661		511		—		—		1172
$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z^0 Z^0$		239		137		63.6		71.3		511
$e^+c^- \rightarrow c\nu W$		—		26		—		—		26
$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^- Z^0$		—		—		—		—		—
Total Bkg		1,163		674		64		71		1,972
S/N		1.34		0.63		1.77		1.88		1.12
S/\sqrt{N}		45.7		16.3		14.2		15.9		50.2

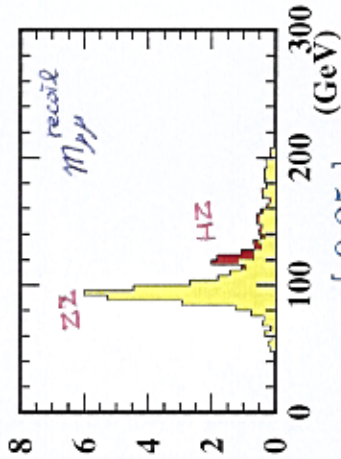
(by I. Nakamura)

Effect on Selection Efficiency

Event Selection (w/ Beamstrahlung)

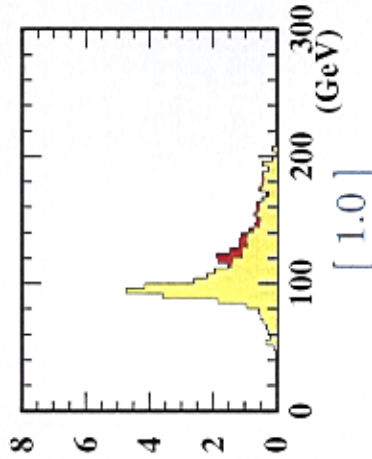
channel	$Z^0 \rightarrow q\bar{q}$	$Z^0 \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}$	$Z^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-$	$Z^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$	Total
$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z^0 h^0$					
Efficiency (%)					
No BS	14.8	14.4	24.4	28.8	15.2
[1.0]	12.2	11.5	16.9	20.0	12.2
	-18%	-20%	-31%	-31%	-20%
Number of events @ $\mathcal{L} = 100\text{fb}^{-1}$					
No BS	1,038	483	43	55	1,619
[1.0]	1,163	674	64	71	1,972
	+12%	+40%	+49%	+29%	+22%
S/N					
No BS	1.83	1.09	3.81	3.51	1.72
[1.0]	1.34	0.63	1.77	1.88	1.12
	-27%	-42%	-54%	-46%	-35%
S/\sqrt{N}					
No BS	59.1	23.9	25.0	26.0	69.2
[1.0]	45.7	16.3	14.2	15.9	50.2
	-23%	-68%	-43%	-39%	-27%

Summary and Conclusion



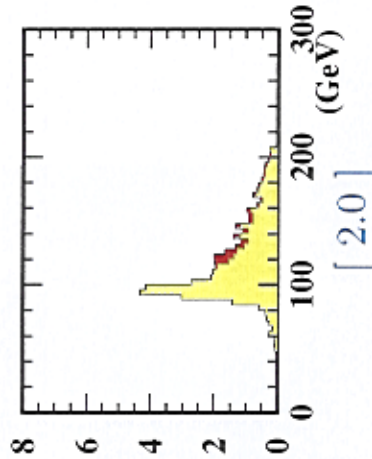
[0.25]

$E_0 = 150\text{GeV}$
 $N_b = 0.375 \times 10^{10}$
 $\sigma_x^* = 260\text{nm}$
 $\sigma_y^* = 3\text{nm}$
 $\sigma_z = 90\mu\text{m}$



[1.0]

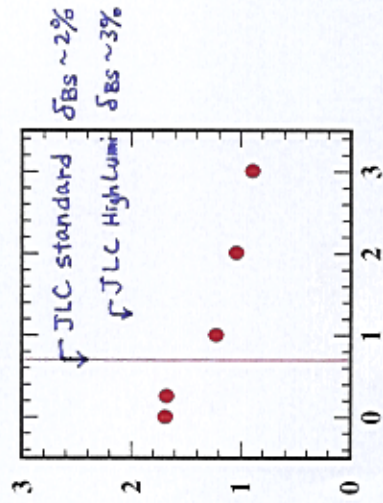
$E_0 = 150\text{GeV}$
 $N_b = 0.63 \times 10^{10}$
 $\sigma_x^* = 260\text{nm}$
 $\sigma_y^* = 3\text{nm}$
 $\sigma_z = 90\mu\text{m}$



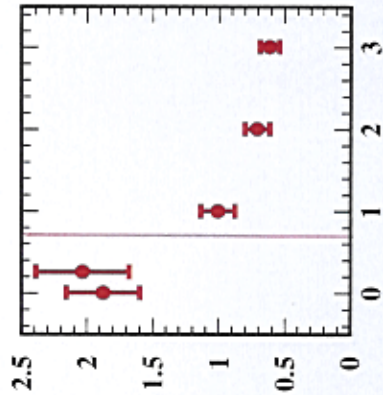
[2.0]

$E_0 = 150\text{GeV}$
 $N_b = 1.275 \times 10^{10}$
 $\sigma_x^* = 260\text{nm}$
 $\sigma_y^* = 3\text{nm}$
 $\sigma_z = 90\mu\text{m}$

of sig. evts / fb⁻¹



S/N



S/√N at 1fb⁻¹

